

## National Historical Geography Examination IAC Nationals 2022 Middle School Division

Name	 		
School			
Grade			

Instructions – Mark your answers on the scantron provided. Correct answers are worth 2 points. Incorrect answers are worth –1 point. Questions left blank are worth 0 points.

- 1. What Non-Aligned Movement leader guided Indonesian independence in the tumultuous Cold War era?
  - A. Sukarno
  - B. Nehru
  - C. Nkrumah
  - D. Nasser
- 2. Indian Ocean traders utilized what natural phenomenon to make their maritime travel more secure and reliable?
  - A. tsunamis
  - B. ocean currents
  - C. monsoons
  - D. hurricanes
- 3. Which of the following land-based trade networks was created to carry China's most lucrative exports to Europe?
  - A. Mediterranean Basin
  - B. Indian Ocean Basin
  - C. Trans-Atlantic Trade
  - D. Silk Roads

- 4. Which of the following was first created in China to embellish traditional ceremonies but soon became a vital tool in armed conflicts?
  - A. trebuchets
  - B. crossbows
  - C. gunpowder
  - D. battering rams
- 5. Gayatri Spivak's influential "Can the Subaltern Speak?" discusses the effects of India's colonization by what imperial power?
  - A. Spain
  - B. the Netherlands
  - C. Great Britain
  - D. France
- 6. It could be argued that China was indirectly involved in the exploration of the Americas because of their high demand for what resource?
  - A. spices
  - B. silver
  - C. silk
  - D. petroleum
- 7. Which of the following titles has been used for leaders throughout the history of Iran until the late twentieth century?
  - A. czar
  - B. shah
  - C. caliph
  - D. sultan
- 8. Which of the following was the last traditional Japanese government that oversaw economic isolation of Japan?
  - A. Ashikaga
  - B. Kamakura
  - C. Tokugawa
  - D. Momoyama
- 9. The British instigated a 19th century conflict with China over the sale of what good?
  - A. opium
  - B. silk
  - C. gunpowder
  - D. porcelain
- 10. The Dutch East India Company operated a lucrative colony on what East Asian island in the 17th century?
  - A. Taiwan
  - B. Sri Lanka
  - C. Honshu
  - D. Singapore
- 11. Which of the following programs was launched by Chairman Mao to improve China's agricultural output?
  - A. the Cultural Revolution
  - B. the Great Leap Forward
  - C. the Five-Year Plan
  - D. the Education Movement

12. Chandragupta was the 1st emperor of what namesake 20. Which of the following Muslim caliphates consolidated empire that united most of India in the 4th century BCE? power in Baghdad where they constructed the famous House of A. Haryanka Dynasty Wisdom? B. Shishunaga Dynasty A. Rashidun C. Nanda Dynasty B. Umayyad D. Mauryan Dynasty C. Abbasid D. Ottoman 13. Which of the following companies is the largest based in South Korea? 21. Which of the following nations was created by the Zionist movement in the twentieth century? A. Samsung B. Toyota A. Israel C. Hyundai B. Lebanon D. Huawei C. Palestine D. Jordan 14. India has long contested the control of the Kashmir region with what neighbor? 22. The Chinese Civil War was made more complicated by the A. Nepal invasion of what neighboring nation? B. Bhutan A. Soviet Union C. Bangladesh B. Korea C. Japan D. Pakistan D. Germany 15. The Byzantine Empire was dealt its last blow after which of the following conquered Constantinople in 1453? 23. To combat overpopulation, China passed legislation to limit each Chinese family to which of the following? A. Mongols B. Ottomans A. zero children C. Safavids B. one child D. Seljuk Turks C. two children D. three children 16. China adopted which of the following systems of government after the fall of the Qing dynasty? 24. Japan came into a conflict with which of the following A. monarchy nations over Manchuria in 1895? B. oligarchy A. France C. republic B. China C. Korea D. theocracy D. Russia 17. Which of the following was a major focus of the Meiji Restoration to modernize Japan? 25. Juche is the national identity of what nation that declared it A. industrialization a distinct ideology from communism? B. agriculture A. Vietnam C. communism B. North Korea D. isolationism C. China D. Russia 18. Which of the following navigational tools is attributed to the Chinese? A. astrolabe 26. Japanese tradition that emphasizes the kami that inhabits all B. compass living things originates in which of the following traditions? C. quadrant A. Shintoism D. lead line B. Hinduism

C. Confucianism

A. literature

B. operaC. printmaking

D. Zoroastrianism

D. fashion and clothing

27. The Japanese Heian Period is most known for which of the

following, including The Pillow Book and The Tale of Genji?

19. What dynasty that gives China its name also created the

famous terracotta army?

A. ShangB. Zhou

C. Qin

D. Han

28. The Korean peninsula is divided by which of the following 36. The filial piety and social responsibility that defines Chinese lines of latitude? tradition was inspired by what Chinese philosopher? A. 17th parallel A. Laozi B. 20th parallel B. Confucius C. 38th parallel C. Mencius D. 50th parallel D. Zhuangzi 29. The Trans-Siberian Railway was constructed to connect 37. Which of the following involved student-led protests Moscow to what eastern city? demanding for protections of speech and press in China in A. Vladivostok 1989? B. Perm A. Tiananmen Square C. St. Petersburg B. Tibetan uprising C. Xinfa protest D. Kazan D. Sichuan riots 30. Six Central Asian republics were created after the 1991 fall of which of the following? 38. Which of the following families has maintained control of A. Ottoman Empire the Democratic People's Republic of Korea since its creation in 1948? B. Soviet Union C. Qing Dynasty A. Choe Pak D. British Empire B. C. Ri 31. Kemal Ataturk served as the first president of what nation D. Kim founded in 1923? A. Turkey 39. The Translation Movement translated significant numbers of B. Syria Greek texts into which of the following languages so scholars C. Kuwait could access the information? D. Saudi Arabia A. Arabic B. Aramaic 32. Which of the following was the first sitting American C. Latin president to visit China in 1972? D. Hebrew A. Harry Truman B. John F. Kennedy 40. Mao Zedong helped lead the charge to transform modern China under what political philosophy? C. Richard Nixon A. socialism D. John F. Kennedy B. communism 33. Which of the following men consolidated nomadic tribes democracy into the Mongol Empire in 1206? D. anarchism A. Genghis Khan B. Kublai Khan 41. The Tang Dynasty was able to publish The Diamond Sutra in C. Batu Khan creating which of the following? D. Mongke Khan A. block printing B. cylinder seals 34. The Cultural Revolution was enforced by guards named for C. pottery imprints D. cloth printing what color? A. black B. yellow 42. Japan instituted the Sakoku isolation policy largely to try to green combat the growing influence of what major religion introduced D. red by European traders? A. Islam

B. Christianity

C. JudaismD. Buddhism

35. Turkmenistan's textile industry is famous for producing

which of the following decorative goods?

A. shirtsB. rugsC. blank

C. blanketsD. pants

- 43. Saudi Arabia has large natural reserves of which of the following lucrative resources?
  - A. oil
  - B. uranium
  - C. gold
  - D. silver
- 44. Which of the following Central Asian nations houses the tomb of Mongol-Turkic leader Tamerlane in the city of Samarkand?
  - A. Azerbaijan
  - B. Iraq
  - C. Uzbekistan
  - D. Afghanistan
- 45. The United States fought to liberate Kuwait from Iraq in a conflict named after which of the following?
  - A. Persian Gulf
  - B. Caspian Sea
  - C. Black Sea
  - D. Gulf of Aden
- 46. The Song Dynasty enjoyed economic success due to their improvement and expansion of which of the following?
  - A. Summer Palace
  - B. Great Wall of China
  - C. Grand Canal
  - D. Iron Pagoda
- 47. The Parthians are well known as antagonists of what southern European empire that spanned 3 continents at its largest?
  - A. Gallic Empire
  - B. Macedonian Empire
  - C. Roman Empire
  - D. Seleucid Empire
- 48. In 2022, Qatar will be the first Arab world nation to host what international football contest?
  - A. Confederations Cup
  - B. Summer Olympics
  - C. Champions League
  - D. FIFA World Cup
- 49. Which of the following explorers was employed by Kublai Khan to write about the Mongol presence in China in the 13th century?
  - A. Antonio Pigafetta
  - B. Marco Polo
  - C. Christopher Columbus
  - D. Giovanni de Verrazzano
- 50. The Srivijaya Empire was the first unified kingdom to dominate which of the following?
  - A. Indochina
  - B. Moluccas
  - C. Borneo
  - D. Malay Peninsula

- 51. Which of the following, which originated in Iran, is said to be the oldest monotheistic religion in the world?
  - A. Islam
  - B. Judaism
  - C. Zoroastrianism
  - D. Christianity
- 52. Portuguese presence in Ceylon was eliminated by the Kingdom of Kandy's alliance with which of the following?
  - A. the Dutch
  - B. the British
  - C. the Spanish
  - D. the Chinese
- 53. India finally achieved its independence from Great Britain after which of the following major international conflicts?
  - A. World War I
  - B. World War II
  - C. Cold War
  - D. Opium Wars
- 54. Iranian students took hostages at the embassy of which of the following nations in 1979?
  - A. United States
  - B. East Germany
  - C. Switzerland
  - D. France
- 55. Admiral Zheng He took seven voyages to explore the Indian Ocean on behalf of which of these?
  - A. the Russian Empire
  - B. Japan
  - C. Zanzibar
  - D. China
- 56. The 1857 Sepoy Mutiny was sparked by which of the following groups who refused to use new European equipment that violated their religious beliefs?
  - A. doctors
  - B. miners
  - C. soldiers
  - D. merchants
- 57. Which of the following was built as memorial for the wife of Mughal emperor Shah Jahan?
  - A. Taj Mahal
  - B. Jama Masjid
  - C. Jamali Kamali
  - D. Babri Masjid
- 58. Which of the following early civilizations was based in the Fertile Crescent between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers?
  - A. Mesopotamia
  - B. Indus Civilization
  - C. Ancient Egypt
  - D. Ancient China

- 59. Jyoti Basu became the world's longest-serving elected communist leader in his role as chief minister of what eastern state of India?
  - A. Gujarat
  - B. Uttar Pradesh
  - C. Punjab
  - D. West Bengal
- 60. Author Rabindranath Tagore composed the national anthem of both India and what other nation?
  - A. Nepal
  - B. Bangladesh
  - C. Afghanistan
  - D. Pakistan
- 61. The Vietnam War ended when South Vietnam fell to the North Vietnamese Army after the capture of what capital city?
  - A. Saigon
  - B. Hanoi
  - C. Da Nang
  - D. Dien Bien Phu
- 62. Prime Minister Indira Gandhi was assassinated by her bodyguards after her Operation Blue Star removed worshippers of what faith from the holy Golden temple?
  - A. Islam
  - B. Hinduism
  - C. Buddhism
  - D. Sikhism
- 63. The early Bronze-Age civilization located in modern-day India and Pakistan was centered around what river?
  - A. Ganga
  - B. Narmada
  - C. Indus
  - D. Godavari
- 64. Which of the following was the focus of Old Kingdom builders in Ancient Egypt?
  - A. pyramids
  - B. stadiums
  - C. dams
  - D. city walls
- 65. The Taiping Rebellion was lead by a self-proclaimed prophet of what major religion?
  - A. Buddhism
  - B. Hinduism
  - C. Muslim
  - D. Christianity
- 66. Which of these is NOT one of the top five spices currently produced in India?
  - A. chili
  - B. salt
  - C. cumin
  - D. turmeric

- 67. Which of the following best describes the bodhisattvas vital to Mahayana Buddhism?
  - A. earthly saviors
  - B. saintly guides
  - C. isolated monks
  - D. spiritual students
- 68. In 1989, Burma changed its English name to which of the following?
  - A. Myanmar
  - B. Thailand
  - C. Bangladesh
  - D. Cambodia
- 69. What Mughal emperor used religious tolerance to consolidate the empire?
  - A. Humayun
  - B. Aurangzeb
  - C. Akbar
  - D. Bahadur Shah
- 70. Which of the following led the Viet Minh independence movement starting in 1941?
  - A. Ngo Dinh Diem
  - B. Ho Chi Minh
  - C. Le Duan
  - D. Ngo Dinh Nhu
- 71. The nation of Bhutan got its name for a word that means "south of Tibet" in which of the following languages?
  - A. Urdu
  - B. Bengali
  - C. Sanskrit
  - D. Persian
- 72. The Achaemenid Empire reached its highest under what king who conquered much of ancient Greece?
  - A. Xerxes
  - B. Sogdianus
  - C. Darius
  - D. Cambyses
- 73. The Sassanid Empire was the last traditional Iranian empire before which of the following groups conquered the area?
  - A. Muslims
  - B. Christians
  - C. Hindus
  - D. Jews
- 74. Which of the following was a communist government that massacred a quarter of Cambodia's population in the 1970s?
  - A. Funan Kingdom
  - B. Administration of Sihanouk
  - C. Chenla Kingdom
  - D. Khmer Rouge

75. Which of the following is a wealthy city-state was completely transformed by the anti-corruption administration of Lee Kuan Yew?

- A. Papua New Guinea
- B. Brunei
- C. Singapore
- D. Malaysia

## Tiebreaker

Write your answer on the BACK of your scantron. Please label your responses 1-5.

List in order the five most populous nations in Asia after China and India.